UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

NO 32, BILLINGS WAY
OREGUN INDUSTRIAL ESTATE
ALAUSA IKEJA, LAGOS
LAGOS.
http://www.meyerpaints.com

UNAUDITED CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 3RD QUARTER ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

NO 32, BILLINGS WAY OREGUN INDUSTRIAL ESTATE ALAUSA IKEJA, LAGOS http://www.meyerpaints.com

DIRECTORS, ADVISORS AND REGISTERED OFFICE

Corporate information

Chairman of the Board Mr Kayode Falowo

Directors Mr Osa Osunde

Erelu Angela Adebayo

Mr Tony Uponi

Mr Olutoyin Okeowo

Mrs Ochee Vivienne Bamgboye

Mr. Rotimi Alashe

Registered office No 32 Billings way,

Oregun Industrial Estate,

Ikeja, Lagos

Company Secretary Marriot Solicitors (Appointed wef 28 July 2020)

15E, Muri Okunola Street Off Ajose Adeogun Street

Victoria Island,

Lagos

Company Registrar Greenwich Registrars & Data Solutions Limited

274, Murtala Muhammed Way

Alagomeji, Yaba

Lagos

Major Bankers Access Bank Plc

First Bank of Nigeria Limited

Zenith Bank Plc

United Bank for Africa Plc Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc Guaranty Trust Bank Plc

First City Monument Bank Limited

Ecobank Plc

Providus Bank Limited

MEYER PLC
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBE	K, 2022	GROUP		COMPANY		
		30/09/2022 30/09/2021		30/09/2022 30/09/2021		
	Note	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	
Continuing operations						
Revenue	5	1,083,086	759,157	1,083,086	759,157	
Cost of sales	5.1	(784,679)	(504,702)	(784,679)	(504,702)	
Gross profit		298,407	254,455	298,407	254,455	
Other operating income	7	32,385	35,901	32,385	35,901	
Selling & Distribution expenses	8	(33,963)	(18,630)	(33,963)	(18,630)	
Administrative expenses	9	(375,243)	(323,420)	(375,243)	(323,420)	
Profit/ (loss) from operating activities		(78,413)	(51,694)	(78,413)	(51,694)	
Finance Income	10(i)	55,280	67,048	55,280	67,048	
Finance costs	10(ii)	(3,121)	(1,820)	(3,121)	(1,820)	
Profit/(Loss) before tax		(26,254)	13,534	(26,254)	13,534	
Taxation (Provision)	12	(542)	(4,060)	(542)	(4,060)	
Profit /(Loss) after Tax for the period		(26,796)	9,474	(26,796)	9,474	
Other comprehensive income, net of income	ome tax					
Items that will not be reclassified subseq	uently to					
Remeasurement of Defined benefit obligat	ion	_	_	_	_	
Deferred tax credit	1011	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	- -	
Total comprehensive loss for the period		(26,796)	9,474	(26,796)	9,474	
Profit/Loss for the period attributable to:						
Owners of the Company		(26,792)	9,478	(26,796)	9,474	
Non-controlling interests		(4)	(4)	(20,770)	-	
controlling medicate		(26,796)	9,474	(26,796)	9,474	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the	period att	ributable to:				
Owners of the Company	•	(26,792)	9,478	(26,796)	9,474	
Non-controlling interests		(4)	(4)	-	- -	
•		(26,796)	9,474	(26,796)	9,474	
Earnings per share						
Basic and diluted earnings per share	•	(5)		(5)	2	

MEYER PLC
STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THREE MONTHS & NINE MONTHS PERIODS ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

	GROUP			COMPANY				
	Three (3) Months Ended 30/09/2022	Nine (09) Months Ended 30/09/2022	Three (3) Months Ended 30/09/2021	Nine (09) Months Ended 30/09/2021	Three (3) Months Ended 30/09/2022	Nine (09) Months Ended 30/09/2022	Three (3) Months Ended 30/09/2021	Nine (09) Months Ended 30/09/2021
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N.000	N'000	N'000
Continuing operations								
Revenue	396,125	1,083,086	273,696	759,157	396,125	1,083,086	273,696	759,157
Cost of sales	(278,412)	(784,679)	(173,240)	(504,702)	(278,412)	(784,679)	(173,240)	(504,702)
Gross profit	117,713	298,407	100,456	254,455	117,713	298,407	100,456	254,455
Other operating income	2,436	32,385	20,772	35,901	2,436	32,385	20,772	35,901
Selling & Distribution expenses	(13,401)	(33,963)	(7,032)	(18,630)	(13,401)	(33,963)	(7,032)	(18,630)
Administrative expenses	(132,943)	(375,243)	(114,454)	(323,420)	(132,943)	(375,243)	(114,454)	(323,420)
Profit/ (loss) from operating activities	(26, 194)	(78,413)	(258)	(51,694)	(26,194)	(78,413)	(258)	(51,694)
Profit from disposal of building	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance Income	20,327	55,280	21,889	67,048	20,327	55,280	21,889	67,048
Finance costs	(387)	(3,121)	(590)	(1,820)	(387)	(3,121)	(590)	(1,820)
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(6,254)	(26,254)	21,041	13,534	(6,254)	(26,254)	21,041	13,534
Taxation (Provision)	(199)	(542)	(2,240)	(4,060)	(199)	(542)	(2,240)	(4,060)
Profit /(Loss) After Tax for the period	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474
Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	ī.							
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:								
Remeasurement of Defined benefit obligation								
Deferred tax credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474
Profit/ (Loss) for the period attributable to:								
Owners of the Company	(6,449)	(26,792)	18,805	9,478	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474
Non-controlling interests	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)	-	-	-	-
	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474
Total comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the period	attributable to:							
Owners of the Company	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,805	9,478	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474
Non-controlling interests	-	-	(4)	(4)	-	-	-	-
	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474	(6,453)	(26,796)	18,801	9,474
Earnings per share								
Basic and diluted earnings per share	(1)	(5)	4	2	(1)	(5)	4	2

MEYER PLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022			GROUP		COMPANY	
			30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021
	Note	%	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	14		271,675	276,677	271,675	276,675
Right of use	14		32,177	61,135	32,177	61,135
Deffered tax assets	12		5,956	5,956	5,956	5,956
Total non-current assets		9.9	309,807	343,768	309,807	343,766
Current assets						
Inventories	17		124,582	89,854	124,582	89,854
Trade and other receivables	18		178,674	185,838	147,948	149,212
Other assets	15		13,961	8,429	13,961	8,429
Cash and cash equivalents	19i		1,258,545	1,395,436	1,258,363	1,395,252
Total current assets		6.2	1,575,762	1,679,557	1,544,853	1,642,747
Total assets		6.8	1,885,570	2,023,325	1,854,661	1,986,513
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables	22		826,860	476,424	847,907	491,568
Short term borrowings	20		1,813	6,614	1,813	6,614
Current tax liabilities	12		976	458,768	692	458,484
Total current liabilities		11.9	829,648	941,806	850,412	956,666
Net Current Assets		(1.1)	746,114	737,751	694,441	686,081
Total assets less current liabilities			1,055,921	1,081,519	1,004,249	1,029,847
Non-Current Liabilities						
Decommissioning cost	22i		9,600	9,600	9,600	9,600
Employment benefits	21		18,287	17,089	18,287	17,089
		(4.5)	27,887	26,689	27,887	26,689
Net Assets		2.5	1,028,034	1,054,830	976,362	1,003,158
Equity						
Share capital	23		248,864	248,864	248,864	248,864
Share premium account	24		53,173	53,173	53,173	53,173
Revenue reserve	25		723,553	750,349	674,325	701,121
Total equity attributable to owners of the company			1,025,590	1,052,386	976,362	1,003,158
Non-controlling interest	26		2,444	2,444	-	-
Total Equity			1,028,034	1,054,830	976,362	1,003,158

The financial statements and notes to the financial statements were approved by the Board of directors on October 27th, 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

ROTIMI ALASHE...... Managing Director

OLUTOYIN OKEOWO....Director

FRC/2013/ICAN/00000002335

FRC/2013/IODN/00000002638

MEYER PLC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022
The Group

	Share capital	Share premium	Retained Earnings	controlling interest	Total Equity
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Balance at 1st January 2022	248,864	53,173	750,349	2,444	1,054,830
Dividend paid			-		-
Profit/(Loss) for the period	-	-	(26,796)	-	(26,796)
Adjustment for Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of tax provision not required			-		-
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-			-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(26,796)	-	(26,796)
contributions by and distributions to owners: Issued Share Capital	_	_	_	_	-
Share premium	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30th September 2022	248,864	53,173	723,553	2,444	1,028,034
Balance as at 1st January 2021	248,864	53,173	1,463,166	2,448	1,767,651
Comprehensive income for the year	,	,	, ,	,	, ,
Profit/(Loss) for the period	-	-	33,668	-	33,668
Adjustment for Non-controlling interest	-	-	-	(4)	(4)
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	33,668	(4)	33,664
contributions by and distributions to owners: Issued Share Capital	-	-	-	-	-

Share premium	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend paid			(746,591)		
Balance at 31st December 2021	248,864	53,173	750,243	2,444	1,054,724

MEYER PLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022 The Company

	Share capital N'000	Share premium N'000	Retained Earnings N'000	Non controlling interest N'000	Total Equity N'000
Balance at 1st January 2022	248,864	53,173	701,121	-	1,003,158
Dividend paid					-
Loss for the period	-	-	(26,796)	-	(26,796)
Reversal of tax provision not required			-		-
Other comprehensive loss for the period	-				
Total comprehensive income for the period	•	-	(26,796)	-	(26,796)
Contribution by and Distribution to owners:					
Issued Share Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Share premium	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 30th September 2022	248,864	53,173	674,325	-	976,362
Balance as at 1st January 2021	248,864	53,173	1,414,039		1,716,076
Profit/(Loss) for the period	-	-	33,673	-	33,673
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	33,673	-	33,673
Contribution by and Distribution to owners:					
Issued Share Capital	-	-	-	-	-
Share premium	-	-		-	
Dividend paid			(746,591)		(746,591)
Balance at 31st December 2021	248,864	53,173	701,121	-	1,003,158

MEYER PLC STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

OR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022	GR	OUP	СОМР	ANY
	30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021
Cash flow from operating activites	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(26,796)	33,668	(26,796)	33,673
Adjusted for:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	36,984	54,779	36,984	54,780
Finance cost	3,121	1,003	3,121	1,003
Finance income	(55,280)	(83,407)	(55,280)	(83,407)
income tax expenses	542	26,598	542	26,598
Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(24,955)	(1,628)	(24,955)	(1,628)
Profit from disposal of old Meyer factory	-	-	-	-
Decommissiong cost	-	-	-	-
Impairment of Investment in Subsidiary	-	-	-	-
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	(66,384)	31,013	(66,384)	31,019
(In annual Vida annual in inventoria	(24.720)	F 20/	(24.720)	E 20/
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(34,728)	5,296	(34,728)	5,296
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables	7,164	(18,562)	1,264	(18,358)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(5,532)	(400.354)	(5,532)	- (400 5(4)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	350,439	(108,356)	356,339	(108,566)
Increase/(decrease) in finance lease	-	-	-	-
Increase/(decrease) in employee benefit	1,198	-	1,198	-
Tax reclassification	(431,433)		(431,433)	
	(179,276)	(90,609)	(179,275)	(90,609)
Income taxes paid	(26,901)	(219,621)	(26,901)	(219,621)
Net cash generated by operating activities	(206,177)	(310,230)	(206,176)	(310,230)
Cashflow from investing activities	(4.072)	(47, 400)	(4.072)	(47, 409)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(4,072)	(16,409)	(4,072)	(16,408)
Proceeds from sale of Property, plant and equipment Finance income	26,000 55,280	12,003	26,000 55,280	12,003
		83,407		83,407
Net cash generated by investing activities	77,208	79,001	77,209	79,002
Cashflow from financing activities				
Repayment of short term borrowings Borrowing	(4,801)	(14,514) -	(4,801) -	(14,514) -
Finance charges	(3,121)	(1,003)	(3,121)	(1,003)
Dividend paid		(746,591)	<u>-</u>	(746,591)
Net cash generated by financing activities	(7,922)	(762,108)	(7,922)	(762,108)
Net cash and cash equivalents for the period	(136,891)	(993,337)	(136,890)	(993,336)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	1,395,436	2,388,772	1,395,252	2,388,588
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	1,258,545	1,395,436	1,258,362	1,395,252
cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	1,230,343	1,373,730	1,230,302	1,575,232

1. The Group

The group comprises Meyer Plc (the Company) and its subsidiary - DNM Construction Limited.

Meyer Plc (peviously called DN Meyer Plc) is a manufacturing Company incorporated in Nigeria on the 20th of May 1960. The name was changed by a special resolution and the authority of the Corporate Affairs Commission on the 1st of July 2016. The Company manufactures and markets paints. The shares of the Company are held as follows: 31.43% by Greenwich Capital Limited, 30.93% by Bosworth Investments & Services Limited, 6.03% by Osa Osunde, 5.16% by Kayode Falowo and 26.45% by Nigerian citizens.

Its registered office is at No 32, Billings way, Oregun Industrial Estate, Alausa Ikeja, Lagos.

2 Basis of preparation

a Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting and Assurance Standards Board (IASB) and the requirements of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on the 27th October, 2022.

Basis of measurement

b.

The group financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments measured at fair value

c. Functional and presentation currency

The Company and group functional and presentation currency is the Nigerian naira. The financial statements are presented in Nigerian Naira and have been rounded to the nearest thousand except otherwise stated.

d. Use of estimates and judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and judgments. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

h Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost and less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The cost of property plant and equipment includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Property, plant and equipment under construction are disclosed as capital work-in-progress.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as a separate item of property, plant and equipment and are depreciated accordingly. Subsequent costs and additions are included in the asset's carrying amount or are recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

All other repairs and maintenance costs are charged to the profit and loss component of the statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method on the Major overhaul expenditure, including replacement spares and labour costs, is capitalised and amortised over the average expected life between major overhaul.

Building	36-76 years
Funiture and Fixtures	4 years
Motor Vehicles	4 years
Plant and Machinery	8 years
Office Equipment	4 vears

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefit is expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit and loss component of the statement of comprehensive income within 'Other income' in the year that the asset is derecognised.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Group makes certain estimates and assumptions regarding the future. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated based on historical experience as other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstatnees. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are:

Income and Deferred Taxation

Meyer Plc annually incurs significant amounts of income taxes payable, and also recognises significant changes to deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities, all of which are based on management's interpretations of applicable laws and regulations. The quality of these estimates is highly dependent upon management's ability to properly apply at times a very complex sets of rules, to recognise changes in applicable rules and, in the case of deferred tax assets, management's ability to project future earnings from activities that may apply loss carry forward positions against future income taxes.

ii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group assesses assets or groups of assets for impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amounts of those assets may not be recoverable. In assessing whether a write-down of the carrying amount of a potentially impaired asset is required, the asset's carrying amount is compared to the recoverable amount. Frequently, the recoverable amount of an asset proves to be the Group's estimated value in use.

The estimated future cash flows applied are based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and represent management's best estimates of the range of economic conditions that will exist over the remaining useful life of the cash flow generating assets.

iii) Legal proceedings

The Group reviews outstanding legal cases following developments in the legal proceedings at each reporting date, in order to assess the need for provisions and disclosures in its financial statements. Among the factors considered in making decisions on provisions are the nature of litigation, claim or assessment, the legal process and potential level of damages in the jurisdiction in which the litigation, claim or assessment has been brought, the progress of the case (including the progress after the date of the financial statements but before those statements are issued), the opinions or views of legal advisers, experience on similar cases and any decision of the Group's management as to how it will respond to the litigation, claim or assessment.

3a Consolidation

(i) Subsidiary

The financial statements of the subsidiary are consolidated from the date the Company acquires control, up to the date that such effective control ceases. For the purpose of these financial statements, subsidiaries are entities over which the company has control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure to variable returns from the investee, and the ability of the investor to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

De-facto control exists in situations where the company has the practical ability to direct the activities of the investee without holding the majority of the voting rights. In determining whether de-facto control exists the company considers all relevant facts and circumstances, including:

The size of The Company's voting rights relative to both the size and dispersion of other parties who hold voting rights; Substantive potential voting rights held by The Company and by other parties and other contractual arrangements

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Company. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity instruments issued by the group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated in the same manner as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. Investment in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the parent entity is measured at cost.

(ii) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiary without change of control

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests as transactions with equity owners of the Group. For purchases from non-controlling interests, the difference between any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposal to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(iii) Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

(iv) Disposal of subsidiaries

On loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, that retained interest is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as financial asset at fair value through other comperhensive income (FVOCI) depending on the level of influence retained.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

4 Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these financial statements.

a Going concern

The directors assess the Company and its subsidiary's future performance and financial position on a going concern basis and have no reason to believe that the Company will not be a going concern in the year ahead. For this reason, these financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies applicable to a going concern.

b Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions

In preparing the financial statements of the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's presentation currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Non - monetary items that are measured in terms of cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the end of the period.

c Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for sales of goods and services, in the ordinary course of the Group's activities and is stated net of value-added tax (VAT), rebates and discounts.

(i) Sale of goods and rendering of services

The Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers based on the five-step process described in IFRS 15. Revenue is recognized when the entity satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised goods or service to a customer. The goods or services are transferred when the customer acquires control over the asset, which may happen either over time or at a particular point in time. Under the five-step process an entity must complete the following steps before revenue can be recognized: Identify contracts with customers, identify performance obligations, determine the transaction price, allocate the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligations, and finally recognize the revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied.

(ii) Other income

This comprises profit from sale of financial assets, property, plant and equipment, foreign exchange gains, fair value gains of non financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and impairment loss no longer required written back.

Income arising from disposal of items of financial assets, plant and equipment and scraps is recognised at the time when proceeds from the disposal has been received by the Group. The profit on disposal is calculated as the difference between the net proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets. The Group recognised impairment no longer required as other income when the Group received cash on an impaired receivable or when the value of an impaired investment increased and the investment is realisable.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

d Expenditure

Expenditures are recognised as they accrue during the course of the period. Analysis of expenses recognised in the statement of comprehensive income is presented in classification based on the function of the expenses as this provides information that is reliable and more relevant than their nature.

The Group classifies its expenses as follows:

- Cost of sales:
- Administration expenses;
- Selling and distribution expenses; and
- Other allowances and amortizations

Finance income and finance costs

Finance income comprises interest income on short-term deposits with banks, dividend income, changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and foreign exchange gains.

Dividend income from investments is recognised in profit or loss when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established (provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the entity and the amount of income can be measured reliably).

Interest income on short-term deposits is recognised by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Finance costs comprise interest expense on borrowings, unwinding of the discount on provisions and deferred consideration, losses on disposal of available for sale financial assets, impairment losses on financial assets (other than trade receivables).

e Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognised as interest payable in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

f Income tax expenses

Income tax expense comprises current income tax, education tax and deferred tax.

g Earnings per share

The Group presents basic earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

i Intangible Assets

Computer software

Computer software purchased from third parties. They are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Purchased computer software is capitalised on the basis of costs incurred to acquire and bring into use the specific software. These costs are amortised on a straight line basis over the useful life of the asset.

Expenditure that enhances and extends the benefits of computer software beyond their original specifications and lives, is recognised as a capital improvement cost and is added to the original cost of the software. All other expenditure is expensed as incurred.

Amortisation is recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software, from the date that it is available for use. The residual values and useful lives are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted if appropriate. An Intangible asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible assets is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible assets, measured are as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

j Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets other than inventories are reviewed at each reporting date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which they have separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statements, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment is treated as a revaluation increase.

k Leases

The standard covers the recognition of leases and related disclosure information in the financial \dots

The new standard defines a lease as a contract that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. In the financial statement of lessees, IFRS 16 requires recognition in the statement of financial position for each contract that meets its definition of a lease as right-of-use (RoU) asset and a lease liability, while lease payments are reflected as interest expense and a reduction of lease liabilities. The RoU assets are depreciated over the shorter of each contract's term and the assets useful life.

Upon implementation of IFRS 16, the following main implementation and application policy choices were made by the group:

- Short term leases (12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are not reflected in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income but are expensed or (if appropriate) capitalised as incurred, depending on the activity in which the leased asset is used
- Non-lease components within lease contracts will be accounted for separately for all underlying classes of assets and reflected in the relevant expense category or (if appropriate) capitalised as incurred, depending on the activity involved.

At the commencement of the lease period, the following shall be recognised:

- A lease liability equal to the net present value of the non-variable lease payments over the lease term, including any lease incentives and residual value guarantees expected to be paid under the contract
- A RoU asset equal to the lease liability, with the addition of any lease pre-payments, initial direct costs and costs of dismantling or restoration.

l Financial instruments

Financial Assets

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent remeasurement of financial assets is determined by their designation that is revisited at each reporting date.

i) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) consist of:

- Non-trading equity investments designated by management at initial recognition. Once designated, they cannot be reclassified into any other category
- Financial assets held with the objective of both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets and the assets cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

ii) Financial assets at amortised cost

The Company classifies its financial assets as at amortised cost only if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest. The group financial assets are trade receivables, other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

iii) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 30 days and therefore are all classified as current. Trade receivables are recognized initially at the amount of consideration that is uncondition unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognized at fair value. The Company holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Details about the company's impairment and loss allowance are provided in note 18.

iv) Other receivables

These amounts generally arise from transactions outside the usual operating activities of the group. Interest may be charged at commercial rates where the terms of repayment exceed six months. Collateral is not normally obtained. The non-current other receivables are due and payment within three years from the end of the reporting period.

v Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

Bank overdrafts are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

vi Derecognition of financial asset

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expires, or when it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in the income statement.

vii Impairment of financial instruments

The Company has trade receivables for the sales of inventory that is subject to the expected credit loss model.

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of IFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

The Company applies the IFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables has been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The Company has therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivable are reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 360 days before 31 March 2021 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Company has identified the GDP and the unemployment rate of the countries in which it sells its goods and services to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

a) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the liability. Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities is based on amortized cost using the effective interest method. The Company financial liabilities include trade and other payables.

Financial liabilities are presented as if the liability is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date, or if they are held for the purpose of being traded. Other financial liabilities which contractually will be settled more than 12 months after the reporting date are classified as non-current.

i) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

ii) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognized initially at their issue proceeds and subsequently stated at cost less any repayments. Transaction costs where immaterial, are recognized immediately in the statement of comprehensive income. Where transaction costs are material, they are capitalized and amortised over the life of the loan. Interest paid on borrowing is recognized in the statement of comprehensive income for the period.

iii) De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

(b) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, with appropriate provisions for old and slow moving items. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Cost is determined as follows:-

Raw materials

Raw materials which includes purchase cost and other costs incurred to bring the materials to their location and condition are valued at actual cost.

Work in progress

Cost of work in progress includes cost of raw materials, labour, production and attributable overheads based on normal operating capacity.

Finished goods

Cost is determined using standard costing method and includes cost of material, labour, production and attributable overheads based on normal operating capacity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

Spare parts and consumables

Spare parts which are expected to be fully utilized in production within the next operating cycle and other consumables are valued at weighted average cost after making allowance for obsolete and damaged inventory.

(c) Provisions

A provision is recognized only if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small. The Group's provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation.

(d) Employee benefits

The Group operates the following contribution and benefit schemes for its employees:

(i) Defined contribution pension scheme

In line with the provisions of the Nigerian Pension Reform Act, 2014, Meyer Plc has instituted a defined contributory pension scheme for its employees. The scheme is funded by fixed contributions from employees and the Group at the rate of 8% by employees and 10% by the Group of basic salary, transport and housing allowances invested outside the Group through Pension Fund Administrators (PFAs) of the employees choice.

The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employees' service in the current and prior periods.

The matching contributions made by Meyer Plc to the relevant PFAs are recognised as expenses when the costs become payable in the reporting periods during which employees have rendered services in exchange for those contributions. Liabilities in respect of the defined contribution scheme are charged against the profit of the period in which they become payable.

Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available

(ii) Short-term benefits

Short term employee benefit obligations which include wages, salaries, bonuses and other allowances for current employees are measured on an undiscounted basis and recognised and expensed by Meyer Plc in the income statement as the employees render such services.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short - term benefits if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay the amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(e) Income Taxes - Company income tax and deferred tax liabilities

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income. Current income tax is the estimated income tax payable on taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable results for the year. Taxable results differs from results as reported in the income statement because it includes not only items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years but it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liabilities for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised where the carrying amount of an asset or liability differs from its tax base. Deferred taxes are recognized using the balance sheet liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes (tax bases of the assets or liability). The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised at the same time as the liability to pay the related dividend is recognised.

(f) Share capital and Share premium

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Any amounts received over and above the par value of the shares issued is classified as 'share premium' in equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds, net of tax.

(g) Dividend on ordinary shares

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as a liability and deducted from equity when they are approved by the Group's shareholders. Interim dividends are deducted from equity when they are declared and no longer at the discretion of the shareholders. Dividends for the year that are approved after the statement of financial position date are disclosed as an event after the statement of financial position date.

(h' Retained earnings

General reserve represents amount set aside out of profits of the Group which shall at the discretion of the directors be applied to meeting contingencies, repairs or maintenance of any works connected with the business of the Group, for equalising dividends, for special dividend or bonus, or such other purposes for which the profits of the Group may lawfully be applied.

(i) Contingent liability

A contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Where the Group is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability. The entity recognises a provision for the part of the obligation for which an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is probable, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made. Contingent liabilities are assessed continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the financial statements of the period being audited except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

(j) Related party transactions or insider dealings

Related parties include the related companies, the directors, their close family members and any employee who is able to exert significant influence on the operating policies of the Group. Key management personnel are also considered related parties. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity directly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity. The Group considers two parties to be related if, directly or indirectly one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operating decisions.

Where there is a related party transactions within the Group, the transactions are disclosed separately as to the type of relationship that exists within the Group and the outstanding balances necessary to understand their effects on the financial position and the mode of settlement.

(K) Effective Interest Method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of an interest bearing financial instrument and of allocating interest income and expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cashflows (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, translation costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instruments, or where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

(I) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it can earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relates to transactions with any of the Group's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the Finance Director (being the Chief Operating Decision Maker) to make decisions about resources allocated to each segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

(a) Determination of fair value

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value for the both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and /or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. Where applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determing fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that assets or liabilities.

i Property, plant and equipment

The fair value of items of plant and machinery, fixtures and fittings, motor vehicles and Land and buildings is based on depreciated replacement cost and comparison approaches. "Depreciated replacement cost" reflects the current cost of reconstructing the existing structure together with the improvements in today's market adequately depreciated to reflect its physical wear and tear, age, functional and economic obsolescence plus the site value in its exisiting use as at the date of inspection while "Comparison Approach" that is the analysis of recent sale transactions or similar properties in the neighbourhood. The figure thus arrived at represents the best price that the subsisting interest in the property will reasonably be expected to be sold if made available for sale by private treaty between a willing seller and buyer under competitive market conditions.

ii Valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

The fair value of investments in equity are determined with reference to their quoted closing bid price at the measurement date, or if unquoted, determined using a valuation technique. Valuation techniques employed is the net asset per share basis.

iii Fair value hierarchy

Fair values are determined according to the following hierarchy based on the requirements in IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosure'.

Level 1: quoted market prices: financial assets and liabilities with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

Level 2: valuation techniques using observable inputs: quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial assets and liabilities values using models where all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3: valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs: financial assets and liabilities valued using valuation techniques where one or more significant inputs are unobservable. The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price in an active market. In the event that the market for a financial asset or liability is not active, a valuation technique is used.

	GROU	IP .
	30/09/2022	31/12/2021
	N'000	N'000
Trade receivables (Note 18)	153,662	149,802
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 19)	1,258,545	1,395,436
	1,412,208	1,545,238

As at the reporting date there was no concentration of credit risk with certain customers.

Credit risk also arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions. Banks with good reputation are accepted by the Group for business transactions.

Cash is held with the following banks and other financial institutions:-

3	2022	2021
	N'000	N'000
Access Bank Plc	5,425	913
Diamond Bank Plc	1	4
Eco Bank Plc	59	3
First City Monument Bank Limited	3,122	55
Guaranty Trust Bank Plc	321	46
Stanbic IBTC Bank Plc	130	15
First Bank of Nigeria Limited	17	52
Zenith Bank Plc	2	1
Sterling Bank Plc	8	8
Union Bank of Nigeria Plc	99	99
Skye Bank (Polaris Bank Limited)	29	9
Heritage Bank Limited	30	1
United Bank for Africa Plc	174	181
Wema Bank Plc	98	98
Providus Bank Limited	-	823,968
Greenwich Asset Management Limited	377,981	569,983
Greenwich Merchant Bank Limited	870,016	
	1,257,511	1,395,436

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions. Liquidity projections including available credit facilities are incorporated in the regular management information reviewed by Management. The focus of the liquidity review is on the net financing capacity, being free cash plus available credit facilities in relation to the financial liabilities. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

As at 30th September, 2022	=N=000 Book value	=N=000 Contractual cashflow	=N=000 One year or less	=N=000 1-5 years
Borrowings	1,813	-	-	1,813
Trade and other payables	826,860	-	826,860	-
	828,673	-	826,860	1,813

	Contractual One year or				
	Book value	cashflow	less	1-5 years	
	N'000		N'000		
Short Term Borrowings	1,813	-	1,813	1,813	
Trade and other payables	826,860	-	826,860	-	
	828,673	-	828,673	1,813	

Market risk

Market risk concerns the risk that Group income or the value of investments in financial instruments is adversely affected by changes in market prices, such as exchange rates and interest rates. The objective of managing market risks is to keep the market risk position within acceptable boundaries while achieving the best possible return.

Foreign exchange risk

The functional currency of the Group is the Nigerian naira.

Interest rate risk

The Group has fixed interest rate liabilities. In respect of controlling interest risks, the policy is that, in principle, interest rates for loans payable are primarily fixed for the entire maturity period. This is achieved by contracting loans that carry a fixed interest rate. The effective interest rates and the maturity term profiles of interest-bearing loans, deposits and cash and cash equivalents are stated below:

As at 30th September 2022	Effective interest rate	one year or less N'000	1-5 years N'000	Total N'000
Cash held with banks	-	1,257,511	-	1,257,511
Short Term Borrowings	-	1,813	-	1,813
	-	1,259,324	-	1,259,324

Fair Value (6,305)

Financial instruments accounted for under assets and liabilities are cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and current and non-current liabilities. The fair value of most of the financial instruments does not differ materialy from the book value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

5 Revenue

5.1

	GROUP		COMP	PANY
	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	30/09/2022	30/09/2021
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Paints	1,054,135	755,290	1,054,135	755,290
Application of paints	28,951	3,867	28,951	3,867
	1,083,086	759,157	1,083,086	759,157
Cost of sales				
An analysis of the group company's cost follows:	of sales is as			
	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	30/09/2022	30/09/2021
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Paints	764,360	501,938	764,360	501,938
Application of paints	20,320	2,764	20,320	2,764
	784,679	504,702	784.679	504,702

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FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

6 Segment Revenue and results	GRO	GROUP		
	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000
Paints	1,054,135	755,290	1,054,135	755,290
Application of paints	28,951	3,867	28,951	3,867
	1,083,086	759,157	1,083,086	759,157
Segment Results				
	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	30/09/2022	30/09/2021
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Other Income	32,385	35,902	32,385	35,902
Finance costs	(3,121)	(1,820)	(3,121)	(1,820)
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(26,254)	13,534	(26,254)	13,534
Tax (Provision)	(542)	(4,060)	(542)	(4,060)
Profit /(Loss) after Tax for the period	(26,796)	9,474	(26,796)	9,474

Segment Accounting

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the company's accounting policies described in note. Segment profit represents the gross profit earned by each segment without allocation of general operating expenses, other gains and losses recognised on investment income, other gains and losses as well as finance costs.

This is the measure reported to the Chief Operating Decision Maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Business and geographical segments

The company operates in all geographical areas in the country.

Segment assets and liabilities

All assets and liabilities are jointly used by the reportable segments.

MEYER PLC
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FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

7	Other Operating Income				
		30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000
	Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	24,955	1,578	24,955	1,578
	Bad debt recovered	-	-	-	-
	Rental income	-	805	-	805
	Long over due credit balances	-	-	-	-
	Sundry income	4,442	31,590	4,442	31,590
	Canteen Takings	-	-		-
	Sale of empty drums	2,989	1,929	2,989	1,929
	Insurance claim	-	-	-	-
	Provision no longer required	-	-	-	-
		32,385	35,901	32,385	35,901
_		GRO	OUP	COM	MPANY
8	Selling and distribution expenses				
		30/09/2022	30/09/2021	30/09/2022	30/09/2021
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
	Carriage outward	27,979	14,594	27,979	14,594
	Sales Promotion/Commission	3,397	1,545	3,397	1,545
	Dev, & Product Testing	1,001	1,475	1,001	1,475
	Delivery Van Expenses	1,587	1,017	1,587	1,017
		33,963	18,630	33,963	18,630

GROUP

COMPANY

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

b Financial risk management

i General

Pursuant to a financial policy maintained by the Board of Directors, the Group uses several financial instruments in the ordinary course of business. The Group's financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, interest-bearing loans and bank overdrafts and trade and other payables.

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk, consisting of: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group is mainly exposed to credit risk from Group's receivables from customers. It is the Group's policy to assess the credit risk of new customers before entering into contracts.

The Management has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings, when available, and in some cases bank references. Purchase limits are established for each customer, which represents the maximum open amount without requiring approval from the Management.

The Management determines concentrations of credit risk by quarterly monitoring the creditworthiness rating of existing customers and through a monthly review of the trade receivables' ageing analysis. In monitoring the customers' credit risk, customers are grouped according to their credit characteristics. customers that are grouped as "high risk" are placed on a restricted customer list, and future credit services are made only with approval of the Management, otherwise payment in advance is required.

Credit risk also arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions. Banks with good reputation are accepted by the Group for business transactions.

The maximum credit risk as per statement of financial position, without taking into account the aforementioned financial risk coverage instruments and policy, consists of the book values of the financial assets as stated below:

MEYER PLC
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THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022	GRO	JUP		PANY
	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	30/09/2022	30/09/2021
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Administrative expenses				
Basic	76,682	64,110	76,682	64,11
Overtime	490	700	490	70
Fringe costs	35,925	30,524	35,925	30,52
Christmas bonus	5,346	4,258	5,346	4,25
NSITF	734	577	734	57
Pension scheme	9,018	6,003	9,018	6,00
Casual labour	7,204	6,385	7,204	6,38
Staff Canteen	11,959	11,448	11,959	11,44
Medical	3,265	3,758	3,265	3,75
Training Local	5,788	569	5,788	56
Uniform & Laundry	755	308	755	30
Long Service Award	649	454	649	45
Maintenance Mechanical	201	1,922	201	1,92
Maintenance Electrical	1,348	235	1,348	23
Security	2,395	3,262	2,395	3,26
Computer Rentals	2,119	1,211	2,119	1,21
Building Rents and rates	2,748	2,500	2,748	2,50
Light & Water Offices	1,797	2,103	1,797	2,10
Site & Office Cleaning	1,836	1,634	1,836	1,63
Factory Relocation	-	1,532	-	1,53
Repair & Maintenance General	2,447	2,349	2,447	2,34
Depreciation Land & Building	11	38	11	3
Depreciation Right of Use	28,958	29,375	28,958	29,37
Depreciation Vehicles	4,190	8,438	4,190	8,43
Depreciation Office Equipment	1,762	1,754	1,762	1,75
Depreciation F & F	52	60	52	,
General Quality Assurance	165	2,157	165	2,15
Advert & Publicity	1,940	1,767	1,940	1,76
Free Goods & Sample	685	724	685	72
Lost and sccrapped written off	535	-	535	-
Fuel Lubricant	5,959	6,139	5,959	6,13
Vehicle Runing Exp	10,631	6,720	10,631	6,72
Travelling	4,850	4,102	4,850	4,10
Fork lift truck	725	353	725	35
Directors and Board Expenses	16,353	12,893	16,353	12,89
Insurance Expense	2,914	3,055	2,914	3,05
•	11,385	11,354	11,385	11,35
Legal & Prefessional Expenses	406	466	406	46
Stationery Printing and Publication	1,079	1,536	1,079	1,53
Telephone Expenses	2,062	2,204	2,062	2,20
·				
AGM Expenses	2,250	2,250	2,250	2,25
Courier & Postages	55	14	55	1
Audit Fees	3,628	3,736	3,628	3,73
Performance Cost	27,853	24,835	27,853	24,83
Periodic and Publication	443		443	
Subscriptions	4,844	2,880	4,844	2,88
Licence Renewal	6,377	5,955	6,377	5,95
General Stores & Consumables	2,336	2,092	2,336	2,09
Entertainment	2,172	2,278	2,172	2,27
Stock taking expenses	85	275	85	27
Conference and Seminar Expenses	208	-	208	-
Redundancy Expenses		906		90
Management Fees	55,070	39,167	55,070	39,16
Staff Recruitment	2,554	60	2,554	

Auditors remuneration

Director's remuneration and allowance

Interest on loans and overdrafts

Staff cost

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR	THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022	GROUP		COMPANY	
10	Finance income and Cost	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000
(i)	Finance income:				
	Interest received on bank deposit	55,280	67,048	55,280	67,048
(ii)	Finance Cost				
	Interest on bank overdraft and loans	1,231	817	1,231	817
	Interest on finance lease	1,890	1,003	1,890	1,003
	Total interest expenses	3,121	1,820	3,121	1,820
11	Profit /(Loss)for the period has been arrived at after charging/(crediting) the followings:	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000
	Depreciation and amortisation expense:				
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Amortisation of intangible assets (included in cost of sales)	36,369	41,060	36,369 -	41,060
		36,369	41,060	36,369	41,060
	Employee benefits expense:				
	Defined contribution plans Termination benefits	9,018 	6,003	9,018 	6,003
		9,018	6,003	9,018	6,003
	Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment	24,955	1,578	24,955	1,578

3,736

137,959

12,893

1,820

3,628

160,273

16,353

3,121

3,736

137,959

12,893

1,820

3,628

160,273

16,353

3,121

12	Tax expense	GRO	DUP	COMPANY		
	Per profit and loss account Income tax payable on the results for the period	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	30/09/2021 N'000	
	Current tax expense in respect of the current period: Income tax Education tax Capital gain tax	542 - -	4,060 - -	542 - -	4,060 -	
	Deffered tax written back		-	-		
	In respect of prior period	542 - 542	4,060	542 - 542	4,060	
			4,000	342	4,000	
	Deferred tax Current tax expense in respect of the current period: Deferred tax expense for current period Write-downs (reversals of previous write downs) of Total income tax expense recognised in current period for	542	4,060	- - - - 542	4,060	
12	i. Per statement of financial position	GRO	DUP	COM	PANY	
	At 1 January Charged for the period Capital gains tax Payments during the Period Adjustments -witholding tax utilised Adjustments - income tax provision Provision for the period - income tax Education Tax	30/09/2022 N'000 458,768 - (3,143) (23,758) (431,433) 542	31/12/2021 N'000 651,337 - (155,388) (42,416) (21,817) 23,758 3,140	30/09/2022 N'000 458,484 - (3,143) (23,758) (431,433) 542	31/12/2021 N'000 651,053 - (155,388) (42,416) (21,817) 23,758 3,140	
	NASENI Levy Police Trust Fund		151		151	
		976	458,768	692	458,484	

12 ii. Deferred taxation

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Deferred tax liabilities	389,557	5,614	389,557	5,614
Deferred tax assets	(395,512)	(11,570)	(395,512)	(11,570)
	5,956	5,956	5,956	5,956
			_	
Deferred taxation				
	GRO	OUP	COMPANY	
	30/09/2021	31/12/2021	30/09/2021	31/12/2021
	N'000	N'000	N,000	N'000
Movement at a glance				
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets:				
At 1 January	5,956	5,956	5,956	5,956
Recognised in profit or loss		-	-	
At 30th September	5,956	5,956	5,956	5,956

The tax rate used is the corporate tax rate of 30% and 2.5% education tax payable by corporate entities in Nigeria on taxable profits under tax law in the country.

13 Earnings/(Loss) per share

Earnings/(Loss) per share are calculated on the basis of profit after taxation and the number of issued and fully paid ordinary shares of each financial year.

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
	30/09/2022 30/09/2021 N N		30/09/2022 N	30/09/2021 N	
Basic/diluted (loss)/earnings per share	(5.38)	1.90	(5.38)	1.90	
Total basic/diluted (loss)/earnings per share	(5.38)	1.90	(5.38)	1.90	

13.i Basic/diluted earnings per share

The earnings/(loss) and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are:

	GRO	UP	COMPANY		
	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	
Earnings from continuing operations					
Profit / (Loss) for the period attributable to owners of the Company	(26,796)	9,474	(26,796)	9,474	
Number of shares Number of ordinary shares for the purposes of					
basic earnings per share	497,728	497,728	497,728	497,728	
Profit/(Loss) per share (Kobo) - Basic	(5.38)	1.9	(5.38)	1.9	

The denominators for the purposes of calculating both basic earnings per share is based on issued and paid up ordinary shares of 50 kobo each.

13.ii Impact of changes in accounting policies

There were no changes in the company's accounting policies during the period that impacted earnings per share.

The Group makes full provision for the future cost of decommissioning and dismantling the leased warehouse based on estimated cost of decommissioning the plant, equipment and facilities. It relates to the removal of assets as well as their associated restoration costs. This obligation is recorded in the period in which the liability meets the definition of a "probable future sacrifice of economic benefits arising from a present obligation," and in which it can be reasonably measured. The provision represents the estimated value of future expenditure to be incurred when the plant facilities will be dismantled or relocated to a new location. The estimate is reviewed regularly to take into account any material changes to the assumptions.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/09/22	31/12/21	30/09/22	31/12/21
13.iii Share Capital				
Authorised Share capital	N '000	N '000	N '000	900' / 4
1,300,000,000 Ordinary shares of 50k each	650,000	650,000	650,000	650,000
Issued and fully paid:				
497,728,000 ordinary shares of 50k each	248,864	248,864	248,864	248,864
Share Premium	N '000	N'000	N'000	N '000
Balance at the beginning and end of the period	53,173	53,173	53,173	53,173
Revenue reserve	H'000	H'000	H'000	N'000
Balance at the beginning of the year	750,243	1,463,166	701,121	1,414,039
Transfer from statement of profit or loss	(26,792)	33,668	(26,796)	33,673
Dividend paid	-	(746,591)	· · · · · · ·	(746,591)
Balance at the end of the period	723,451	750,243	674,325	701,121
Non-controlling	N '000	N'000	N '000	N '000
Balance as at 1 January	2,448	2,452	-	-
Transfer from profit or loss	(4)	(4)	_	_
Balance as at the end of period	2,444	2,448	<u>-</u>	
D • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-	·		

Basic earnings/(loss) per ordinary share

Basic earnings/ (loss) per ordinary share of N50k each is calculated on the Group's earnings/(loss) after taxation based on the number of shares in issue at the end of the period.

	GROUP		COMP	PANY
	30/09/22 N '000	31/12/21 N '000	30/09/22 N'000	31/12/21 N'000
Profit/(loss) for the period attributable to shareholde	(26,796)	9,474	(26,796)	9,474
Basic earnings/(loss) per share of #450k each	(5)	Z	(5)	Z
Diluted earnings/(loss) per share (kobo)	(5)	2	(5)	2

Dividend

The Board of Directors paid interim Dividend of N1.50K/ Share to the shareholders for the first half of 2021 financial year which amounts to \mathbb{H}746,592,000. The dividend was paid less withholding tax to all members whose names appear in the Company's Register of Members as at the close of business on Friday August 13th, 2021.

Reconciliation of statement of cash flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash comprises cash at bank and in hand, net of overdraft facilities. Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

	GROUP		COMP	NAY
	30/09/22	31/12/21	30/09/22	31/12/21
	N'000	N'000	N '000	N '000
Cash and bank balances	1,258,545	1,395,436	1,258,363	1,395,252

The Group								
Cost	Buildings	Plant & machinery	Office equipment	Furniture & fittings	Motor vehicles	Captial Work -in- Progress	Right of use of Asset	Total
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
14 As at 1 January 2021	2,529	209,944	39,279	11,754	138,512	246,084	144,893	792,995
Additions Transfers	_	13,409	-	-	32,059	-	3,000 (32,059)	16,409
Reclassification			-	-	-	(1,535)	-	(1,535)
Disposals		1,535	(1,645)	-	(15,956)		-	(16,066)
As at December 31st 2021	2,529	224,888	37,634	11,754	154,615	244,549	115,834	791,803
As at 1 January 2022	2,529	224,888	37,634	11,754	154,615	244,549	115,834	675,969
Additions Transfers	-	-	3,173	451	446	-	-	4,070
Reclassification					-		-	-
Disposals As at 30th September 2022	(2,016)	224,888	40,807	12,205	(3,900) 151,161	244,549	115,834	(5,916) 674,123
		22 1,000	10,007	12,200	151,101	211,517	115,051	07.1,125
Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021	1,106	206,144	33,902	11,560	130,728	-	15,651	399,091
Charge for the year	51	2,724	2,330	80	10,547		39,048	54,780
Transfers					7,347			7,347
Reclassification Disposals	-	-	(1,645)	-	(5,581)	-	-	(7,226)
As at December 31st 2021	1,157	208,868	34,587	11,640	143,041	=	54,699	399,293
As at 1 January 2022	1,157	208,868	34,587	11,640	143,041	_	54,699	453,992
Charge for the period	11	2,010	1,762	52	4,190		28,959	36,984
Transfers Reclassification								•
Eliminated on disposals	(971)	-		-	(3,900)	-	-	(4,871)
As at 30th September 2022	197	210,878	36,349	11,692	143,331	-	83,658	486,105
Carrying amount								
As at 30th September 2022	316	14,010	4,457	513	7,830	244,549	32,177	271,675
At 31st December 2021	1,372	16,020	3,047	114	11,574	244,549	61,135	276,677
_								
Company						Control		
	Buildings	Plant & machinery	Office equipment	Furniture & fittings	Motor vehicles	Captial Work -in-	Right of use of Asset	Total
Cost	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	Progress N'000	N'000	N'000
As at 1 January 2021 Additions	2,529	201,445	39,279	11,754	138,512	246,084	144,893 3.000	639,603 13,408
As at 1 January 2021 Additions Transfers	2,529			11,754 - -			144,893 3,000	13,408
Additions Transfers Reclassification	2,529	201,445	- -	11,754 - -	32,059			13,408 - 32,059
Additions Transfers	2,529	201,445 13,408		-	-	-	3,000	13,408
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021	2,529 - - - - - 2,529	201,445 13,408 - 1,535 - 216,388	(1,645) 37,634	11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615	(1,535)	3,000 (32,059) 115,834	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals	2,529 - - - -	201,445 13,408 - 1,535	(1,645)	·	32,059 (15,956)	(1,535)	3,000 (32,059)	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers	2,529 - - - - - 2,529	201,445 13,408 - 1,535 - 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858	11,754 11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615	(1,535)	3,000 (32,059) 115,834	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification	2,529	201,445 13,408 - 1,535 - 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634	11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446	(1,535)	3,000 (32,059) 115,834	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 -
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers	2,529 - - - - 2,529 2,529	201,445 13,408 - 1,535 - 216,388 - - -	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858	11,754 11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615	(1,535)	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858	11,754 11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 	(1,535) 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 - - (5,916)
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858	11,754 11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 	(1,535) 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 - (5,916) 663,857
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 (2,016) 513	201,445 13,408 - 1,535 - 216,388 216,388 - - - 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858	11,754 11,754 11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 - (3,900) 151,161	(1,535) 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 - - (5,916) 663,857
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,2016) 513	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492	11,754 11,754 11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 (3,900) 151,161	(1,535) 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 	13,408 - 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 - (5,916) 663,857
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals	2,529 2,529 2,529 (2,016) 513	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645)	11,754 11,754 11,560 11,560	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 (3,900) 151,161 130,727 10,547	(1,535) 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 - - - 115,834 15,651 39,048	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 . (5,916) 663,857
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,2016) 513	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330	11,754 11,754 11,754	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(1,535) 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019)
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022	2,529 2,529 2,529 (2,016) 513	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 200,370	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645)	11,754 11,754 11,560 11,560	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 (3,900) 151,161 130,727 10,547 - 7,347 (5,581) 143,040	(1,535) 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 . (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 . (229,019) (21,877) 384,905
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 (2,016) 513 1,106 51 1,157 1,157 8	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446	(1,535) 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 - - 115,834 15,651 39,048	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 - (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,106 513 1,106 51 1,157	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 200,370	(1,645) 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 (3,900) 151,161 130,727 10,547 - 7,347 (5,581) 143,040	(1,535) 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 . (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 . (229,019) (21,877) 384,905
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,106 513 1,106 51 1,157 1,157 8 6 1,157 8	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 - - - 200,370 1,340	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 24	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446	244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 - - - 115,834 15,651 39,048 - - 54,699 19,306	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Transfers Reclassification	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,106 513 1,106 51 1,157 1,157 8	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 200,370	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 (3,900) 151,161 130,727 10,547 7,347 (5,581) 143,040 143,040	(1,535) 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 . (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905 384,905 3,790 . 13
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,106 513 1,106 51 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 8 1,194	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 1,340 201,710	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 24 24	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446	244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 - - - 115,834 15,651 39,048 - - 54,699 19,306	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount As at 30th September 2022	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,519 1,106 511 1,106 51 1,157 8 1,157 8 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 1,157	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,772 200,370 200,370 1,340	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 24	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446	244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 - - - 115,834 15,651 39,048 - - 54,699 19,306	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,106 513 1,106 51 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 8 1,194	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 1,340 201,710	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 24 24	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446	244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 - - - 115,834 15,651 39,048 - - 54,699 19,306	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount As at 30th September 2022	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,519 1,106 511 1,106 51 1,157 8 1,157 8 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 1,157	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,772 200,370 200,370 1,340	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640 24 11,664	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 (3,900) 151,161 130,727 10,547 (5,581) 143,040 143,040 2,791 (3,900) 141,931	244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905 8,790 13 (789) 392,919
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount As at 30th September 2022 As at 31st December 2021	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,519 1,106 511 1,106 51 1,157 8 1,157 8 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 1,157	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,772 200,370 200,370 1,340	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640 24 11,664	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 446 (3,900) 151,161 130,727 10,547 (5,581) 143,040 143,040 2,791 (3,900) 141,931	244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834 	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905 8,790 13 (789) 392,919
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount As at 30th September 2022	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 1,106 513 1,106 51 1,157 8, 6 1,157 1,157 8, 1,157 1,157 1,157 1,157 1,157 1,157	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 1,340 201,710 14,678	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131 35,718 3,773	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640 24 11,664	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 154,615 154,615 130,727 10,547 10,547 130,727 10,547 130,040 143,040 2,791 (3,900) 141,931 9,229	244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905 8,790 13 (789) 392,919
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount As at 30th September 2022 As at 31st December 2021	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,519 31,106 511 1,106 51 1,157 1,157 8 3 (971) 194 319 1,372	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 1,340 201,710 14,678	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131 - - 35,718 3,773 3,047	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640 24 11,664	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 154,615 151,161 130,727 10,547 - 7,347 (5,581) 143,040 2,791 - (3,900) 141,931 9,229 11,575	244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905 8,790 13 (789) 392,919
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount As at 30th September 2022 As at 31st December 2021	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,519 1,106 513 1,106 51 1,157 8 8 9 1,157 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 1,157 8 1,157 8 1,157 1,157 8 1,157	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 1,340 201,710 14,678	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131 35,718 3,773 3,047	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640 24 11,664	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 154,615 154,615 130,727 10,547 10,547 130,727 1,347 (5,581) 143,040 2,791 (3,900) 141,931 9,229 11,575	244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905 8,790 13 (789) 392,919
Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Additions Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at 30th September 2022 Accumulated depreciation and impairment As at 1 January 2021 Charge for the year Transfers Reclassification Disposals As at December 31st 2021 As at 1 January 2022 Charge for the period Transfers Reclassification Eliminated on disposals As at 30th September 2022 Carrying amount As at 30th September 2022 As at 31st December 2021	2,529 2,529 2,529 2,529 2,519 31,106 511 1,106 51 1,157 1,157 8 3 (971) 194 319 1,372	201,445 13,408 1,535 216,388 216,388 216,388 197,646 2,724 200,370 1,340 201,710 14,678	(1,645) 37,634 37,634 1,858 39,492 33,902 2,330 (1,645) 34,587 1,131 - - 35,718 3,773 3,047	11,754 11,754 11,754 11,754 11,560 80 11,640 11,640 24 11,664	32,059 (15,956) 154,615 154,615 154,615 151,161 130,727 10,547 - 7,347 (5,581) 143,040 2,791 - (3,900) 141,931 9,229 11,575	244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549 244,549	3,000 (32,059) 115,834 115,834	13,408 32,059 (17,601) 783,303 667,469 2,304 (5,916) 663,857 374,941 14,185 (229,019) (21,877) 384,905 8,790 13 (789) 392,919

Assets pledged as security

None of the Company's assets is pledged as collateral for loans in the period

ii Contractual commitments
As at 30th September 2022, the Company had no contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment .

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

16 Investment in subsidiary

	GRO	DUP	COMPANY	
	30/09/2022 31/12/2021		30/09/2022	31/12/2021
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
Carrying amount at cost	-	-	-	

Details of the Group subsidiary at the end of the reporting period is as stated below:

Name of the company	Principal activity	Place of incorporation	interest and	of ownership voting power he Group 31/12/2021
DNM Construction Limited	Construction and rehabilitation of building	Nigeria	96%	96%
The Group owns 96% of the The remaining 4% shares at	DNM Construction Limited ributable to non-controlling interes	t is stated below:		
			%	%
Mr. Kayode Falowo			1	1
Mr. Olutoyin Okeowo			1	1
Alhaji Ibrahim Suleman			1	1
Arc. Ayoola Onajide			<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
			4	4

Two out of the four shareholders are Directors of Meyer Plc.

MEYER PLC
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

17	Inventories	Group		Company	
		30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000
	Raw materials	69,667	48,281	69,667	48,281
	Work-in-progress	9,531	7,227	9,531	7,227
	Finished Goods - Paints & Adhesives	45,410	34,120	45,410	34,120
		124,582	89,854	124,582	89,854
	Provision for obsolete spares and slow moving stock	-	-	-	
		124,582	89,854	124,582	89,854

The carrying amount of the inventories is the lower of their costs and net realisable values as at the reporting dates.

18	Trade and other receivables	Gro	Company		
		30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
	Trade receivables	189,819	185,957	159,493	149,731
	Allowance for doubtful debts	(36,157)	(36,155)	(36,157)	(36,155)
		153,662	149,802	123,336	113,577
	Other receivables				
	Related party		-		-
	Insurance claim	-	-	-	-
	WHT claimable	24,120	35,398	24,120	35,398
	Prepayment	-	4,087	-	4,087
	Sundry debtors	892	639	492	239
	Due from related party	-	4,341	-	4,341
	Provision for doubtful debts				
		178,674	194,267	147,948	157,641

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade and other receivables is approximately equal to their fair value

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

19i Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks, short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period as shown in the statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in the statement of financial position as follows:

	Gro	Group		oany
	30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000
Cash Balance	10,548	640	10,365	456
Short-term investments (see note19ii)	1,247,997	1,394,796	1,247,997	1,394,796
	1,258,545	1,395,436	1,258,363	1,395,252

19ii Short-Term Investments

These represent cash held in Fixed deposits in various banks. These investments are placed in short-term deposits and are continuously rolled over throughout the period

		Group		Company	
		30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021
20	Short Borrowings	\U000	\!! .	\U000	\!! .
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000
	LPO Financing	1,813	1,813	1,813	1,813
	Commercial Papers	-	-	-	-
	Lease obligations	-	4,801	-	4,801
	Term loan		-	-	-
	Total borrowings	1,813	6,614	1,813	6,614
	Movement at a glance				
	Opening balance	6,614	21,128	6,614	21,128
	Obtained during the year:	-	-	-	-
	Term (interest capitalised)	-	-	-	-
	Loan waived	-	-	-	-
	RoU Lease	-	-		-
	Lease obligation	-	-	-	-
	Repayment of loan	(4,801)	(14,515)	(4,801)	(14,515)
	Amount due within one year		-	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	-
	Closing balance	1,813	6,614	1,813	6,614

21	Employment benefits	Gro	oup	Company		
		30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021	
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	
	Balance as at 1 January	17,089	17,089	17,089	17,089	
	Addition/(Payment) for the period	(2,100)	-	(2,100)	-	
	Balance as at end of the period	18,287	17,089	18,287	17,089	

MEYER PLC
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30TH SEPTEMBER, 2022

		GRO	DUP	COMI	PANY
22	Trade and other payables	30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000
	Trade payable	168,912	213,959	163,076	208,124
	Amount due to related parties	-	17,253	28,169	22,269
	Other payables:				
	Lease liability	-	-	-	-
	Value added tax	53,872	60,935	53,872	60,935
	Withholding tax payable	32,516	36,566	32,474	36,524
	PAYE	1,615	1,250	1,615	1,250
	Accruals	44,656	62,496	43,512	62,496
	Other credit balance				
	National Housing Fund	65	65	65	65
	NSITF	180		180	
	Rent receivable	-	-	-	-
	Sundry Creditors	19,226	15,258	19,126	14,010
	Customer deposit	27,127	60,368	27,127	60,368
	Technical Management Fees	46,946	-	46,946	17,253
	Industrial Training Fund	311	2,476	311	2,476
	Pension	-	5,798	-	5,798
	Reclassification of Income tax	431,433		431,433	
		826,860	476,424	847,907	491,568
22i	Decommissioning cost	2022 N'000	2021 N'000	2022 N'000	2021 N'000
221	Balance as at 1 January	9,600	14 000	9,600	14 000
	Provision for the period	7,000	9,600	7,000	9,600
	Balance as at 30th June	9,600	9,600	9,600	9,600
	batance as at soin suite	7,000	7,000	7,000	7,000

This represents the initial estimate of the cost of dismantling and removing items and restoring the site(Leased building) in respect of Right of use assets as

22ii	Deposit for AFS	-	-	-	
23	Share capital	GRO	OUP		
		30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000	30/09/2022 N'000	31/12/2021 N'000
	Authorised: 1,300,000,000 ordinary shares of 50k each	650.000	650,000	650,000	650.000
	Issued and fully paid:				
	497,728,000 ordinary shares of 50k each	248,864	248,864	248,864	248,864

The Company has one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to

24	Share premium	GROUP COMPANY				
		30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021	
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	
	At 1 January	53,173	53,173	53,173	53,173	
	Balance as at period ended	53,173	53,173	53,173	53,173	
25	Rvenue Reserve	GRO	OUP	COM	PANY	
		30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021	
		N.000	N.000	N'000	N'000	
	At 1 January	750,349	1,463,272	701,121	1,414,039	
	Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners of the	(26,796)	33,668	(26,796)	33,673	
	Reversal of tax provision not required	-	-	-	-	
	Dividend paid	-	(746,591)	-	(746,591)	
	Balance as at period ended	723,553	750,349	674,325	701,121	
26	Non-controlling interest	GROUP		COMPANY		
	•	30/09/2022	31/12/2021	30/09/2022	31/12/2021	
		N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	
	At 1 January	2,444	2,448	-	-	
	Adjustment during the period	-	-	-	-	
	Transfer from profit or loss	-	(4)	-		
	Balance as at period ended	2,444	2,444	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	

27 DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES

27.1 DIRECTORS

	Group		Company		
	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	30/09/2022	30/09/2021	
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	
Emoluments:					
Fees	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	
Other remuneration and allowances					
including pension contribution	15,103	11,643	15,103	11,643	
	16,353	12,893	16,353	12,893	
The aggregate payroll costs:					
	N'000	N'000	N'000	N'000	
Wages, salaries, allowances and other benefits	153,567	131,133	153,567	131,133	
Pension and social benefits	9,752	4,108	9,752	4,108	
Staff training	5,788	90	5,788	90	
	169,107	135,331	169,107	135,331	
The number of higher paid employees with gross emoluments within the ranges below are:					
Range (N)	Number	Number	Number	Number	
500,001 - 2,000,000	55	48	55	48	
2,000,001 - 3,000,000	26	9	26	9	
3,000,001 and above	7	6	7	6	
	88	63	88	63	

28 LEGAL STATUS

The Company commenced operations in Nigeria in 1960 after it was incorporated as a private limited liability company and was converted to a public company in 1979. The Company was listed on the Nigerian Stock Exchange in 1979.

29 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is manufacturing and sale of paint products, coating, adhesives and flooring products.

Subsidiary	Principal Activities	•	Percentage Holding
DNM Construction Ltd.	Building and Construction	20 July, 2007	96%

The financial results of the subsidiary have been consolidated in these financial statements.

30 ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDING

The under mentioned shareholders held 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as at 30th September, 2022

S/N	NAMES	SHAREHOLDINGS	%
1	Greenwich Capital Limited	156,419,326	31.43
2	Bosworth Investments & Service Limited	153,961,094	30.93
3	Mr. Osa Osunde	30,001,500	6.03
4	Mr. Kayode Falowo	25,688,982	5.16

No individual shareholder other than as stated above held more than 5% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 30th September, 2022.

Interests of Directors in Shares of the Company

The interests of Directors in the issued shares of the company as stated in the Register of Members as at 30th September 2022 for the purposes of section 301 of the Companies and Allied Matters Act, 2020 are as follows:

S/N	Name of Director	Direct shareholding	Indirect shareholding	Direct shareholding	Indirect shareholding
		2022	2022	2021	2021
1	Mr.Kayode Falowo	25,688,982	156,419,326	25,688,982	156,419,326
2	Mr. Osa Osunde	30,001,500	Nil	30,001,500	Nil
3	Erelu Angela Adebayo	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
4	Mr. Tony Uponi	3,298,804	Nil	3,298,804	Nil
5	Mr. Olutoyin Okeowo	2,080,482	10,000,000	2,080,482	10,000,000
6	Mrs. Vivienne Ochee-Bamgboye	384,998	Nil	384,998	Nil

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

In order to maintain and enhance skills and abilities, the Company's policy of continuously researching into new products and services was maintained.